

Home Miller
144 N. Allen St

THE GILBOA MONITOR

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Gilboa, Schoharie County, N. Y., Thursday Oct. 7, 1915

No 8

Home and Vicinity

The Ladies' Aid Society will have a chicken pie supper at the residence of Jason B. Cronk on Friday evening, October 8. Supper will be served from six o'clock till all are served. Price 25 cents each.

Mrs. Hattie Palmer will be at A. Van Valkenburg's in Broome Center on Tuesday of next week with a large assortment of the latest styles in fall and winter millinery. The ladies of that vicinity are cordially invited to call and see her goods.

I wish to announce that I have resumed teaching and would like pupils for the piano.

Miss Ernestine Billings, Lawyer Jackson, Willis Baker and A. J. Blumberg had business at the county seat yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Mattice of Catskill are guests for the week of their brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mattice.

Dr. Billings accompanied Mrs. Otis Reed of Manokill to Albany last Friday where she was operated upon for appendicitis at the Albany City hospital. The operation was successful and the patient is doing as well as can be expected.

Mrs. Bina Schwarzwaelder, accompanied by her friend, Miss Frances Barker, of New York, were callers at Miss Hattie Stevens' Saturday afternoon.

It is generally understood that Marsell Aldrich, who for the past two years or more has conducted the Gilboa House, has rented living rooms in the upper hotel and will move sometime around the first of November. Who Mr. Aldrich's successor will be is a matter of considerable speculation.

Our Old School Baptist friends will hold their yearly meeting in their church in this village on Saturday and Sunday of this week. A number of ministers are expected to be present and several of them will preach.

G. M. Wyckoff will represent the Gilboa R. D. church at a meeting of the Schoharie classis at Sharon next week.

Alonzo Keyser and R. B. Southard of Blenheim transacted business in this village Monday.

A. E. Jenkins and family of Manokill and Mr. and Mrs. Elton Breen and children of Prattville were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Ellis.

Born, on Saturday, October 2, to Mr. and Mrs. Burton Scout of Flat Creek, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Alberti and son, Paul, of Huntersfield were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Davis.

Miss Grace Blumberg spent a number of days last week at Windham with her uncle and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Pelham.

Merrick Bellows of Roxbury has been spending a few days in this village with his uncle and wife, Mr. and Mrs. George Davis.

Rev. and Mrs. F. J. Zinck entertained two of their young lady friends from Lexington last Thursday and Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Baylis and son, Elliott, left last Thursday for New York where they will remain for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Machem of Yonkers are guests for a few days of Mrs. Machem's brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mattice.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Wyckoff and Mrs. Charles Clark and son, Trustin, are attending the Morris Fair this week.

Ought to Paint

I ought to have painted last year, but I hated to pay \$2 a gallon. I've got to paint this year; it'll take a little more paint; I suppose 1 gallon in 10; and a little more work, I suppose 1 in 10.

My job would have cost last year about \$50; it is going to cost this year about \$55.

\$5 more. I suppose it'll be the same again, if I wait again.

What if paint goes down to \$1.75 a gallon? \$2.50 on the job!

I shan't wait; what a fool I was!

DEVOE

Preacher Was Laid Up

Rev. C. M. Knighton, Havana, Fla., writes: "For three months I suffered intense pain in the kidneys and back which at times laid me up entirely. I used 1-2 bottles of Foley Kidney Pills and all the pain disappeared. I feel that as if 20 years had been added to my life." Relieves rheumatism, backache, sore muscles, stiff joints. L. A. Wyckoff.

Gold Medal and Fairchild's flour \$1.00 a sack at Seymour Case's.

GEORGE A. HILL

As the result of the primary election last Tuesday the Republicans placed before the voters of Schoharie county the name of George A. Hill of Middleburg, as their nominee for member of assembly to be supported at the coming general election.

In Mr. Hill the party has a strong candidate. He is no stranger to the voters of the county and his popularity is vouched for in the fact that six years ago he carried the county and was the first Republican ever elected to the office of county clerk in Schoharie county. And he is also said to his credit that it is the verdict of all, both Republicans and Democrats, that no person in that position ever filled the office more creditably.

Mr. Hill is a first-class business man, is the conductor on the M. & S. railroad and in conjunction with his father has had the business affairs of the company, at the depot, to look after for years. Whatever Mr. Hill attempts to do he does faithfully and well. He is just such a man that the voters of Schoharie county, irrespective of party, want at Albany to represent them in the legislature.

In the past we have been having too many lawyers making our laws and we have been lamed to death. A majority of the laws enacted these days are in the interest of the lawyers. The voters of Schoharie county know this full well and it would be to their credit if they would record their vote, at the coming election, for such a man as Mr. Hill.

He was educated in Middleburg High school and is a man of clean habits. Has lofty ideas and is a true gentleman. His nomination is an most excellent one and if elected he will bring every energy to bring about the wishes and will of his constituents.

Mr. Hill is well up in Masonry being a Past Grand Master of Middleburg Lodge F. & A. M., No. 663. He is a member of Noah Chapter No. 284 at Altamont, of Temple Commandery No. 2 of Albany and of Cyrus Temple A. O. N. M. S. He is also a member of the Odd Fellows order. As a Mason for a time he was Assistant Grand Lecturer of this district.

In his home village, he has many times been honored with official positions. He has been a trustee of the village a number of times. Was president of the village two terms and a member of the Board of Education a number of terms. In all positions he did most acceptable service.

Home Record

Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Lewis attended the funeral of Mrs. Lewis' uncle at Roxbury Tuesday.

Our good friend, David Wilkins, was fifty years young Tuesday and his friends thought there was no better way to help him celebrate the event than by giving him a post-card shower, which they accordingly did. When David when the post office at night after his mail he was handed as many cards as he was years old. The Monitor hopes that Father Time will be kind to this worthy gentleman and allow him to round out an even hundred years.

The alarm of fire was sent to this village Saturday from the Leander Cole farm when it was thought the house was on fire from the chimney burning out. Automobiles rushed a number of men to the Cole farm but all danger was past when they got there. It gave everybody a bad scare.

Mrs. William Schwarzwaelder has her cousin visiting her. Her cousin Miss Frank E. Barker, is from New York, but her mother, Rachel F. Vands, was born at Roxbury of the Van Burgh and Hardenburgh family. Her brother, John A. G. Barker, married Susie K. Reed, daughter of the late Luman Reed.

Newell Miller, who for the past year has worked Harvey Kingsley's farm, has bought a large farm in Davenport and it is said will take possession this month. The farm is stocked with 40 head of cattle, a team and all kinds of farm machinery. Newell will always have something to do on a farm of this size.

Fenn Dunham was quite badly injured yesterday by being kicked by a horse in the Gilboa House stables. The animal had just been newly shod and Mr. Dunham was going in its stall to change in to another part of the barn when it kicked, striking him on the left hand, crushing and mangle that member very seriously. Dr. Billings was called and dressed the injury but it will be some time before Mr. Dunham will be able to use his hand.

Binghamton bread, fresh every day at Seymour Case's.

West Conesville.

Frank Shaffer made a business trip to Saugerties Saturday. Asa Baker of Gilboa conveyed him there. Mr. and Mrs. William Harrington spent Wednesday with J. D. Bartley and family.

Mrs. Mary Tousley and daughter Laura, of Gilboa called on Mrs. E. J. Morse Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harter Brandow and son, Raymond, and Mr. and Mrs. William Briggs attended the Cobleskill Fair last Thursday.

Mrs. Henry Blodgett was at Frank Smith's Wednesday and Thursday dressmaking.

Chauncey Meade of Roxbury is spending the week with his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Morse. Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Shaffer and mother, Mrs. Imogene Shaffer spent last Wednesday and Thursday at Cobleskill attending the fair and visiting relatives. George Mattice Gilboa conveyed them there in his touring car. They report a good time. Freddie Betts and Chester Chittenden did the chores.

Mrs. Emeline Stryker, who has been visiting relatives at Cairo, returned home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Lewis spent last Thursday and Friday with their children, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Lewis, of Gilboa.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Bailey spent the Sabbath with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Blodgett.

Mrs. Zilpha Richtmyer spent last Wednesday with Mrs. George Case.

Mr. and Mrs. William Steele and children and chauffeur of Urtlon are spending a two weeks vacation with Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Richtmyer. We are glad to have them with us again.

Chester Chittenden is assisting Louis Tuttle with his farm duties.

Jay VanLoon attended the Cobleskill Fair last Wednesday.

Mrs. Henry Blodgett received the sad news Sunday of the death of her oldest brother, George Fredenburg, of Roxbury. Mrs. Blodgett and son Otis, attended the funeral which was held Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Tuttle and son, George L., spent Monday with Mr. Tuttle's parents at Ashland.

Mr. and Mrs. Rene Brownell and daughter, Iva, spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. E. Hammond of Manokill.

W. H. Case and Alva Meade spent a few days recently at J. M. Myers' and W. H. Brand's.

C. K. Patrie is attending court as juror at Schoharie. Mrs. Patrie accompanied him and will visit at the county seat and at Frankinton.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wyckoff are looking after their work.

Mrs. H. D. Stryker is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Eastland VanDyke, of Manokill.

Mrs. Henry Bartley and son Seward, spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wyckoff.

Miss Julia Morse of Halcottville has been spending a few days with Mrs. Sarah Faulkner and is now the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Morse.

Mrs. B. G. Dennison and son, Howard, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Luther Oakley of South Gilboa.

The Arrival of Perpetua.

Perpetua is a rich little girl, an orphan, with a guardian very much older than herself. This man is an absent minded dreamer unaware of his responsibility to Perpetua. The girl wanted to live in her guardian's house, but instead went to her father's half sister, Miss Majeride, an angular spinster of 60, with a predilection for monkeys, parrots, cats and dogs.

Perpetua is not happy in this antique environment, so she runs away and forces herself upon her moody guardian, Thaddeus. He endures her for a time and finally ships her back his sister's. The pretty girl is pursued by several suitors whose ardor cools when she is said to be not worth a cent.

And here the moody guardian steps in. He has loved the girl but her wealth has prevented him from declaring his affection for her. But now that she is poor, he doesn't hesitate to offer himself.

This beautiful girl shines in every film in which she is seen, but when the entire framework of the play has been especially designed for her pleasing personality stands out all the more markedly and distinctly. This pleasing feature can be seen in five reels of motion pictures at the Hippodrome on Saturday evening.

While the reels are being changed the Misses Laura Dickinson and Harriet Dent will fill in the time by singing duets. Both young ladies have good voices and this feature will add much to the evening's entertainment.

Before buying your fur coat or mackinaw see my line and get prices. Paul Stryker.

Manokill.

Mr. and Mrs. Hobart Poutney of Packer street were guests at Ross Manor last Wednesday.

E. A. Kingsley of Roscoe, Sullivan county, was a recent guest of friends in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Reed, accompanied by Dr. Billings and Mr. and Mrs. Hayward Makely, left for the Albany City hospital last Thursday. Hayward conveyed them. Mrs. Reed was operated on at 9:30 Friday morning for appendicitis. She was doing as well as could be expected when the doctor left Friday. She has been in poor health all summer and now we hope for a speedy recovery.

Quite a number from this place attended the Cobleskill Fair last week.

Coleman Wright had the misfortune to break his arm last week while cranking his car. Dr. Persons was called to set it.

Miss Caroline Goodfellow, who has been ill for some time, does not gain as fast as her many friends would like to have her.

E. Hitchcock and family, accompanied by Miss Marion Winegard, were guests at George Humphrey's last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rickard and son, Waldo, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Hammond and daughter, Grace, were guests of John Makely and wife last Thursday evening.

There will be a chicken supper at the parsonage on Friday evening, October 8, for the benefit of the pastor's salary. If the ladies feel like making a chicken pie, make it; if not, bring it without, and as many more good vicinals as they feel like bringing. Everything will be appreciated. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Come.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rickard and son, Waldo, spent Sunday afternoon at the home of her parents, E. Hammond and wife.

E. VanDyke and George Pearsall left Monday morning for Schoharie where they were drawn to serve as jurors.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Kingsley of Troy are guests at Grant Wilbur's.

South Mountain.

The Misses Hattie and Ann Ormsbee visited the Rev. and Mrs. Anna Hubbard of Flat Creek last Tuesday night. They made the trip with their teacher, Mr. Phorington.

Grant Schermerhorn conveyed parties to the Cobleskill Fair last week for two consecutive days.

The O'Brien Brothers assisted at Robert Lovell's with his threshing last Thursday and Friday. Mrs. O'Brien accompanied them.

No school last Thursday and Friday as the teacher attended the fair and threshed his buckwheat.

Messrs. Hunter, Thompson, Myers and Roe have been out of the county recently.

Mrs. William Collins and children who have been spending nearly two weeks at her father's home here, returned to her home in Flat Creek last Thursday. Her sister, Miss Ina Smith, accompanied her for a few days visit. Mrs. Phoebe Smith returned from Flat Creek to the home of her son, Wallace, at this time.

George Thorpe and daughter Jessie, have been entertaining friends from abroad.

The iron bridge by Frank Richtmyer's is completed and was initiated Saturday.

Rev. M. B. Tanner was an overnight guest at the Hubbard Brothers' last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Champlin and son Frank, spent the Sabbath at Grant Schermerhorn's. Frank Higgins returned to his uncle's home at this time.

An epidemic of colds is prevalent about here.

Alva Meade, of Mrs. Ezra Morse of West Conesville, and who recently returned from Santa Rosa, Cal., where he spent nearly three years. He visited, while there San Francisco, Yosemite Valley, one of the seven wonders of the world and other picturesque and noted places, there, visited his cousin J. M. Myers, and family over the Sabbath.

Robert Lovell and wife spent last Tuesday at the O'Brien Brothers.

Bert Hubbard visited friends out of town the first of the week.

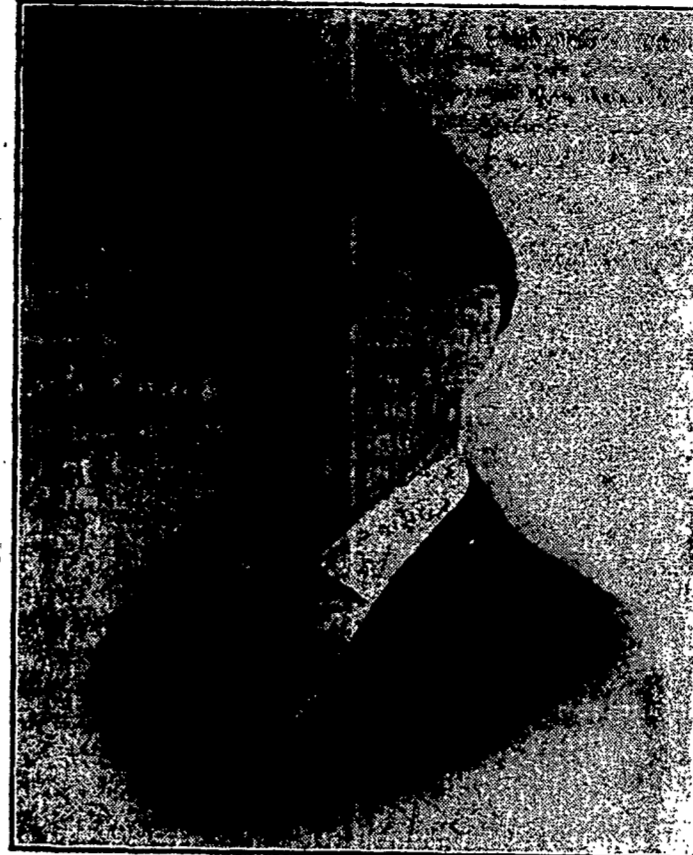
William Collins is expected to resume his threshing hereabouts this week having returned from Flat Creek where the farmers buckwheat.

Miss Ada Brand called on Mrs. Mary Disbow one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva Martin visited at J. M. Myers' Tuesday.

Our farmers have co-operated during threshing and thus saved the expense of hiring.

David Wilkins of Gilboa, has been doing some plumbing for Mrs. Mary Disbow and George Thompson.



Evangelist Bennett will preach the gospel of Christ nightly at 7:45 o'clock at the Flat Creek Baptist church. The meetings begin on Tuesday night, October 5. All will be cordially welcomed by the church and congregation. A singer from abroad will attend to the vocal and instrumental music. This seems to be the set time for God to favor Zion and add to his churches in this vicinity; so come to the very first meeting.

Rural Carrier Examination.

The United States Civil Service Commission has announced an examination for the county of Schoharie, N. Y., to be held at Cobleskill and Stamford on October 23, 1915, to fill the position of rural carrier at Jefferson and vacancies that may later occur on rural routes from other post offices in the above mentioned county. The examination will be open only to male citizens who are actually domiciled in the territory of a post office in the county and who meet the other requirements. The form and application blanks may be obtained from the offices mentioned above or from the Civil Service Commission at Washington and should be forwarded to the Commission at the earliest practicable date.

The Appian Way.

The famous Appian way was constructed by digging two parallel trenches, three feet in depth, at the bottom of which were placed two layers of fat stones in mortar, upon which a layer of cobblestones was placed, also laid in mortar. Then came a course of pebbles in concrete, over which were placed large, flat blocks of smooth lava well joined together, forming an even, uniform surface. It was primarily a military road and extended from Rome to Brundisium, a distance of 350 miles. So perfect was the construction of this celebrated road that it still exists in places as good as ever, notwithstanding it was made more than twenty centuries ago.

A Constructive Suggestion.

"I am too busy," said the popular author, "to spend any time polishing up my literary style. A man who has to write 100,000 words a week has no time for such trivialities." "Then," said the critic, "you should employ a literary valet to do it for you—to keep your punctuation marks in order, to brush off your ideas, to manicure your phrases, to press your paragraphs which are inclined to bag at the knees and to snip off the frayed edges of your grammar."—Judge.

The One Who Whistled.

We heard a man whistling in the dentist's office yesterday. It was the dentist's assistant.—Detroit Free Press.

How to Be Efficient.

Nothing saps the vitality like kidney trouble. It causes backache, headache, stiff joints, sore muscles "always tired" feeling, rheumatism and other ills. To be efficient you must be healthy. Foley Kidney pills strengthen the kidneys, help them do their work of filtering out from the system the waste matter that causes the "trouble." L. A. Wyckoff.

Two Children Had Croup.

The two children of J. W. Nix, Cleveland, Ga., had croup. He writes: "Both got so choked up they could hardly breathe. I gave them Foley's Honey and Tar and nothing else and it completely cured them." Contains no opiates; cuts the phlegm opens air passages. L. A. Wyckoff.

Lost—At the Mackey picnic, a ladies black pocketbook. Will the finder please return it to The Monitor office or notify the editor of your name and address.

WANTED—Good cooking apples, also seasoned hard wood. Floyd S. Clapper, jeweler, Gilboa, N. Y.

FOUND—Between my house and Gilboa village, an automobile jack. Owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this notice. William Thorington, Gilboa, N. Y.

WANTED—For general farm work a good steady man. Can furnish house for small family, or will hire single man. D. W. Southard, Gilboa, N. Y.

FOR SALE—\$200 buys a Buick 40 h. p. car in first-class running condition. Tires are in fine order. See this car if you want a bargain. O. H. Edwards, Stamford, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Bicycle, new. Apply to Rev. M. B. Tanner, the parsonage, Manokill, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A number of pork barrels at 75c each. Frank Van Loan, Gilboa, N. Y.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework in small family. Mrs. Agnes Lewis, Gilboa, N. Y.

NOTABLES IN THE LIGHT
Peter Cooper Hewitt of the Naval Advisory Board.



Secretary of the Navy Daniel's naval advisory board of inventions, the organization of experts who will contribute their inventive genius to the navy, will consist of twenty-three members, including Thomas A. Edison, who was selected by Mr. Daniels to serve as president of the board. The other twenty-two members of the board were chosen by ballot by eleven of the principal scientific societies of the country whose members deal with those branches of science on which the navy is thought to be dependent for invention.

Peter Cooper Hewitt of New York city, who was selected by the "inventors' guild," is the inventor of the mercury vapor electric lamp, which is in wide world use; of his mercury vapor rectifier, which cut to less than half the amount of apparatus required to change alternating current to direct for storage batteries; of devices for telephones and air craft and of other practical electric appliances that have found large use in industry.

Discussing his most recent discovery, a variation of the vacuum rectifier, Mr. Cooper said it would many times multiply the possibilities of wireless telegraphy and telephony.

With this instrument there would be no possibility of an enemy catching messages from one war vessel to another and spoken in plain English or French unless the enemy happened to have precisely the same sort of an instrument and knew how to attune it to receive the message. But even though the enemy had the instrument and the required knowledge he would be apt to get only a confused jumble of sounds, for by previous arrangement stipulated moments at every word if they wanted to—and thus keep the intercepting instrument constantly out of tune.

Peter Cooper Hewitt is a son of the late Abram S. Hewitt, former mayor of New York, and for fourteen years a representative in congress, and a grandson of Peter Cooper, the philanthropist. He is about fifty-three years of age and was educated at the Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken, N. J., and at Columbia university.

German Military Attache. In diplomatic circles at Washington the belief is quite general that Captain Franz von Papien, military attache of the German embassy, will not long continue as a member of the Kaiser's entourage in this country.

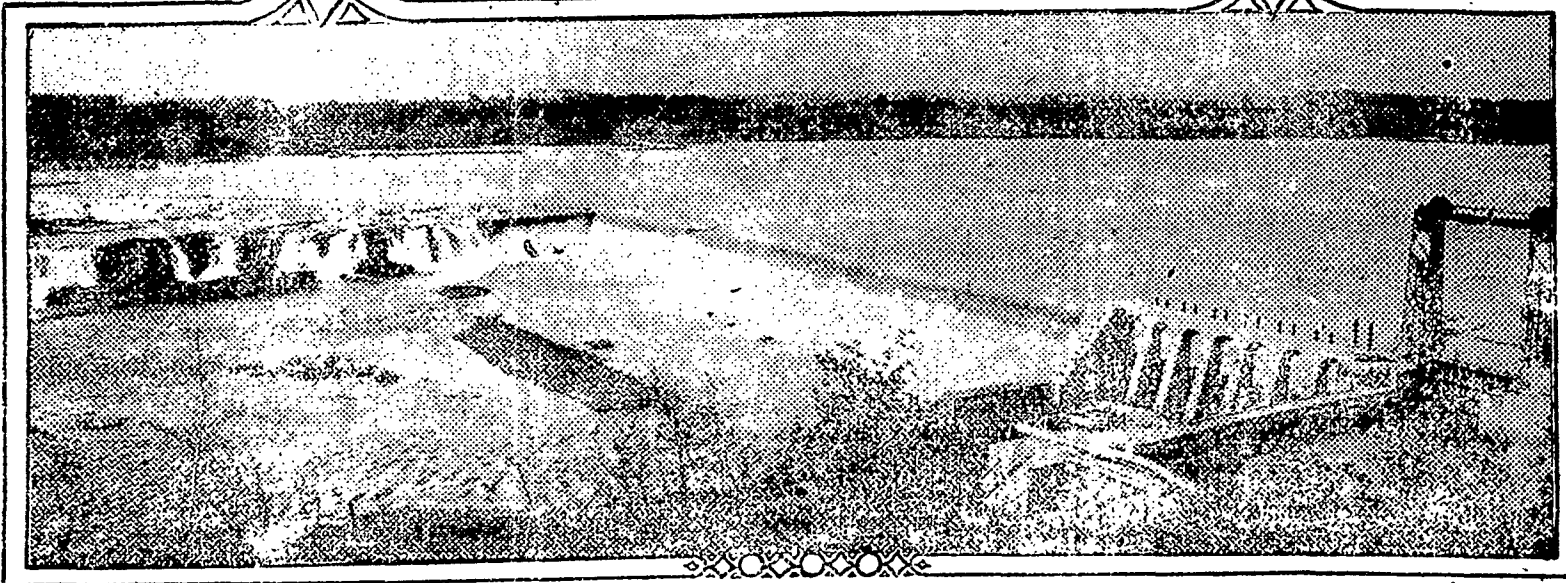
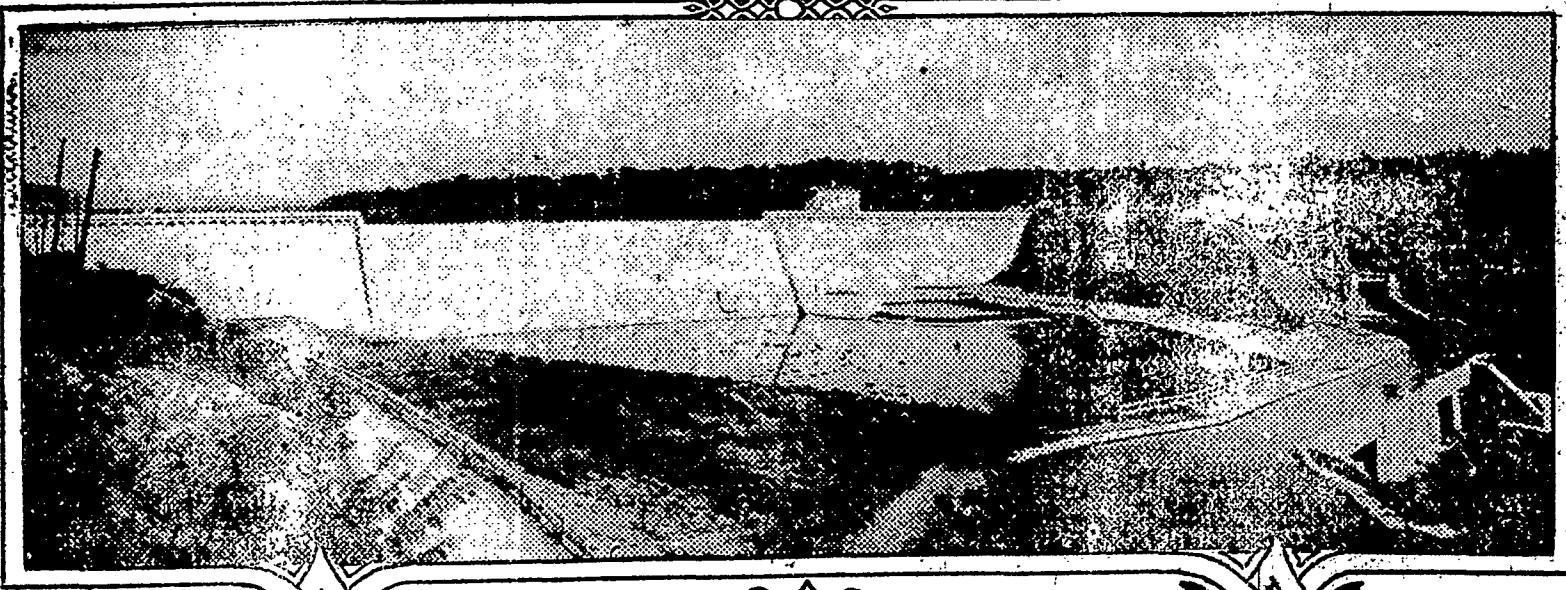
The situation involving Captain von Papien in the matter which brought



about the request for the recall of Dr. Constantin Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, is recognized as most delicate. The attitude of the state department is that Captain von Papien has at least been guilty of an impropriety in attempting to transmit official reports to his government by using an American citizen as dispatch bearer and that this alone makes his further presence in this country as an accredited representative of his government inadvisable.

E. S. PERSONS.

Delta Reservoir and Completed Vischer Ferry Dam



Upper picture—The barge canal dam at Delta reservoir. Dam 1,100 feet long, crest stands 100 feet above lowest foundation. Forms lake 4 by 2 miles, which furnishes water to Rome.
Lower picture—Completed Vischer ferry dam, nearly half mile long. Barge canal lock at farther end.

CANALS WILL PAY OWN WAY

Direct Returns From Erie Canal Great Profit to State.

REFERENDUM NECESSARY.

State is Obligated to Pay Whole Amount and if Not Provided by Bond Issue Must Be Raised by Direct Tax.

Why is it necessary to provide so large a sum as \$27,000,000, in addition to the \$101,000,000 already provided and expended?

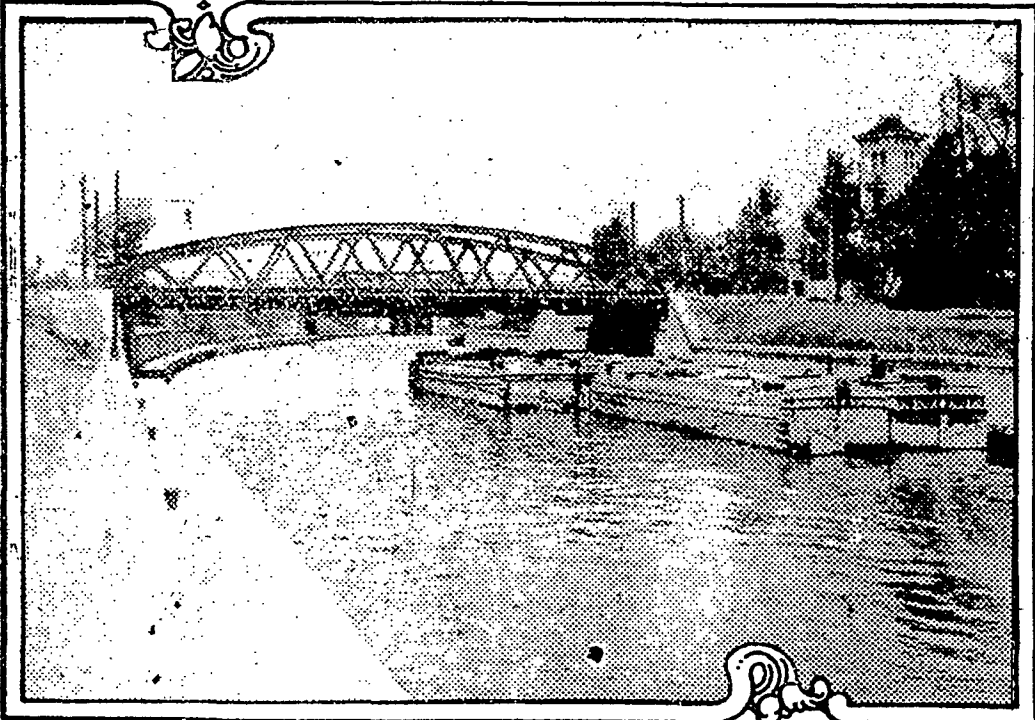
Although the most careful estimates were made by a board consisting of the most competent engineers in the country, in order to provide for every possible contingency and over-culture, the sum of \$101,000,000 has proved to be inadequate. But the actual cost of the work of construction has been within the original estimate of such engineers.

The shortage has arisen mainly from decisions of the courts which placed upon the state obligations which could not be foreseen or estimated. These include awards for land damages amounting to over \$11,000,000. For this item the most expert information in 1903 provided only \$3,000,000. They include the cost of railroad bridges, which in 1903 the act provided should be paid by the railroad, but the court has decided that the state must bear this cost of over \$8,000,000 more.

They also include large amounts for riparian rights on the canals, for which no estimate was included. License such riparian rights were believed to depend upon revocable permits, but the courts have held that the state must make compensation for such privileges which have been revoked, and also for water rights. They also include the additional cost of locks which were increased from twenty-eight feet to forty-five feet at an additional cost of \$2,500,000.

The economy and fidelity with which the whole work has been conducted are illustrated by the fact that of the \$27,000,000 appropriated for the original surveys and estimates of cost in 1903 only \$154,000 was expended and \$46,000 diverted to the general fund of the state. It must be also borne in mind that the Erie canal paid into the state treasury over \$43,000,000 profit over and above the cost of its original construction and including its improvement, operation, maintenance and repairs down to 1883, when tolls were abolished.

Completed Barge Canal In Waterford



Barge canal between locks 2 and 3 in Waterford after canal was opened.

His Reflection.
"Isn't that a beautiful picture? Psyche at nature's mirror; a young girl gazing at her reflection in the pool."
"Bah! I don't care for that kind of stuff."
"I suppose not. If you gazed into the water you'd see an old crab."
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

LUMBER FROM WEST VIA BARGE CANAL.

The utilization of the barge canal to bring lumber from the vast forests of the Pacific coast to the chain of industrial and commercial centers across the state of New York is destined to take place within the next two or three years, according to Professor Nelson C. Brown of the forestry school of Syracuse university.

"The forests in New York from which wood pulp paper is made will soon be exhausted. Within two or three years we will be totally dependent on the west for our wood pulp supply." This observation was made upon his return from the west, having just completed a journey of over 12,000 miles. Linking the barge canal with the movement of western lumber, he said:

"There are vast forests on the Pacific coast. Three brothers who live in Cloquet, Minn., own two of these and are fully awake to their possibilities for the manufacture of paper."
"These men are interested in the opening of the barge canal. When it is completed they will be able to ship lumber direct to Syracuse and other points in New York state by water through the Pacific, the Panama canal, up the Atlantic coast to New York, then up the Hudson and the barge canal to its destination."

"The all water route from the Pacific coast, with the short cut through the Panama canal, and the barge canal traversing the entire state of New York will lower the freight rates and result in the bringing of vast quantities of western lumber to Syracuse and to other parts of the state."
Professor Brown's tour was made as a representative of the College of Forestry.

WILL ENABLE STATE TO COMPLETE CANAL.

If I vote "Yes" on the canal referendum and it should be approved, what will be the result?

(a) The state will issue its bonds and raise the necessary money to complete the construction work and to meet all the obligations of the state which have arisen from land damages, riparian rights, railroad bridges and other extraordinary expenses unforeseen at the time the original estimates were made in 1903.

(b) The construction work yet to be done on the barge canal will be proceeded with, and the improvement will be completed and opened to commerce within two years.

(c) The payments to be spread over a long period up to fifty years, and the state and all property within it will be receiving the great benefits from the canal and will therefore be better able to meet the payments before they fall due during the fifty years to come.

Crashy Music.
Nodd—How is the music in the Bingling restaurant?
Tom—Wonderful. I was in there with my wife for an hour the other evening and couldn't hear a word she said.—Life.

Take care of your health. You have no right to become a burden to yourself and perhaps to others.—Hall.

BOARDS OF TRADE BACK CANAL PLAN

Party Lines Set Aside In Urging Approval of Canal Referendum.

The state committee on canal referendum, directing the campaign to secure the approval of the electors of the state at the coming election of the barge canal referendum bill authorizing the issue of \$27,000,000 for the completion of the barge canal and the payment of all costs involved, was formed as the result of a conference in New York city on June 23 last, called by the chamber of commerce of the state of New York.

The men who attended this conference and formed the state committee on canal referendum comprise the leaders of commercial, industrial, mercantile, financial, educational, professional and other activities of the state irrespective of political affiliations.

Seth Low, former president of Columbia university, former mayor of New York and president of the New York chamber of commerce, is chairman of the state committee on canal referendum.

Eugenius H. Outerbridge of the New York chamber of commerce is treasurer. Welding King of the New York chamber of commerce, large merchant-disse exporter, is chairman of the executive committee.

Frank S. Gardner of the New York board of trade and transportation is the secretary of the state committee. Frank Brainard, also of the New York board of trade and transportation is chairman of the state committee's finance committee.

The chairman of the subexecutive committee, directly in touch with the working out of the state wide campaign, is R. A. C. Smith, commissioner of deeds of New York city.

Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell university, is one of the members of the state committee. Other prominent members include: A. Barton Hepburn, Samuel W. Fairchild and Isaac N. Seligman of the New York chamber of commerce; James Ward Warner, E. R. Carhart, W. H. Douglas, John P. Truesdell and Albert Kinkel of the New York Produce Exchange; William H. Gibson, New York board of trade and transportation; William D'Alvares Morgan, Herman A. Metz and others of the New York Merchants' association; President Herbert A. Madison, Henry W. Hill, C. Lee Abell and Howard J. Smith of the Buffalo chamber of commerce; George Clinton, Sr., chairman of the executive committee of the New York State Waterways association; General Francis V. Greene, Frank B. Baird and William A. Rogers, representing power development and extensive industrial interests; Buffalo; George W. Todd of the Rochester chamber of commerce; also James T. Hutchings and Roland B. Woodward, of the same organization, and Frank S. Elsworth of Rochester.

The Syracuse chamber of commerce is represented on the committee by J. R. Clancy, A. W. Hudson, Henry C. Allen and Lachlan Macleay.

John D. Kernan and F. H. Hazard represent the Utica chamber of commerce; Edward N. McKinney and Jacob Y. Road, the Albany chamber of commerce; F. B. Shepard and P. W. Sullivan, the Oswego chamber of commerce; Frank L. Moore, C. C. Burns and George H. Cobb, the Watertown chamber of commerce.

These men are united in the conviction that the canal must be completed without further delay; that the remaining costs for the canal work should be raised by bond issue, spreading the cost over a period of fifty years rather than have the costs become a matter to be raised in a single season by direct taxation.

Origin of Auction Sales.
Auction sales originated in ancient Rome, and were introduced to enable soldiers to dispose of spoils of war.

Hubby's Joke.
"Won't your wife sing for us?"
"Sure! I just asked her not to."
—The Mischief Maker.

GOV. WHITMAN URGES APPROVAL

Says People Should Vote For the Canal Referendum.

HIS SPEECH IN BUFFALO.

Tells Exposition Crowd That Completion of Canal System is Most Important Issue Before Voters.

At the opening of the industrial exhibition under the auspices of the Buffalo Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers' association in the Broadway Auditorium, Buffalo, Governor Whitman, the guest of honor on that occasion, took occasion to call to the attention of his audience, made up of residents of Buffalo and nearby towns, the importance of voting intelligently on the canal referendum at the state election next November.

Governor Whitman is a firm believer in the barge canal system and one of its most enthusiastic supporters. He said in part:

The estimate made in 1903 for the improvement of the Erie, Champlain and Oswego canals to barge canal dimensions amounted to \$101,000,000, made up as follows:

Construction, \$81,000,000; land damages, \$20,000,000; engineering and contingencies, \$15,000,000.

Original Estimates.

The actual construction can be completed for less than \$90,000,000, or about \$6,000,000 in excess of the original estimate. Fifteen million dollars, as originally estimated, will be ample for engineering and contingencies. The original estimate of \$2,000,000 for land damages has proved in error, due to the fact it was not considered at the time the original estimate was prepared that the courts would hold against the state in acquiring certain rights necessary for construction.

The legislature has provided for submission to the people at the coming fall election the question as to whether or not an additional appropriation of \$27,000,000 shall be made for completing the barge canal.

I am a firm believer in the utility and benefits derived from the canals. The original Erie canal made New York city the greatest seaport of the western hemisphere, gave to the state the chain of cities extending throughout its length, and when tolls were abolished in 1880 this canal showed a balance earned of \$22,000,000 over the total first cost and maintenance charges throughout all these years.

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More than half of the \$27,000,000 provided for in the referendum is already obligated to the part of the state for damages already appropriated and the balance becomes debts of the state. The courts have determined the various amounts. The legislature will be called upon to make the necessary appropriations to meet this debt.

In 1903 the people of this state decided the improvement of the canals should be undertaken under a bond issue, thus extending the period of payment over a number of years. Unless the people wish that the amount required to complete the canal shall be added to the current expenses of maintaining the canal government the referendum, which will spread this expenditure over a period of years, should be adopted.

It is hardly necessary for me to enlarge upon the importance to this city of the completion and successful operation of the barge canal.

Nowhere in the state is every phase of the so-called "canal question" more thoroughly understood than it is in Buffalo. This is no political or partisan measure.

I believe it would be a public calamity should this proposed constitutional provision fail of success at the polls, and, while its passage seems to me assured, it is well for our citizens interested in this vast project to awaken to the importance of an active and intelligent educational campaign which will place the danger of its defeat beyond possibility.

DEFEAT MEANS DELAY AND DIRECT TAXATION.

If I vote "Against" the canal referendum and it is defeated, what will be the result?

The work of completing the canal will be stopped, and it could not be used for commerce until the legislature should make appropriations from the treasury to be raised by direct taxation. This would delay the use of the canal a number of years.

The obligations of the state already incurred, a large part of the \$27,000,000 would have to be met by appropriations and direct taxation within a short time as awards from time to time should be made to pay the claims against the state already presented.

The ultimate cost by this method would be largely increased. Until completed the state would fail to get any benefit from its investments already made, while the interest upon the bonds already issued, would continue to accrue.

The great commerce to and from the Pacific coast and New York, the interior states and the great lakes via the Erie canal would be lost to New York until the barge canal is completed and opened.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

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FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

King Frederick William III of Prussia was a man of few words; whatever he had to say was always brief and to the point, as the following anecdote from a foreign journal shows:

The king, who was accustomed to interest himself in all the details of court management, ordered his steward to take special pains to see that all the carriages and wagons were amply supplied with food and drink whenever they left for a journey of a day or so; but it sometimes happened that the steward failed in his duty and dispatched the drivers without any food, giving them a coin, perhaps, to buy what they wanted. That usually meant that the driver went hungry, as he did not have much opportunity to leave his horses and dine at a shop or restaurant.

At length the king became aware of his steward's failure to carry out his orders and awaited the next opportunity to bring the fact to his attention. He had not long to wait. That night the king stopped his coachman as he entered the courtyard, and upon inquiry found that the man had had nothing to eat since breakfast. He held out a dollar in his hand that the steward had given him to buy food with. Without a word the king took the dollar.

He went into the castle and summoned the steward. That worthy appeared immediately and made a profound bow; but as he raised himself up he was surprised to feel a coin placed against his mouth.

"Eat it!" ordered the king.
"But, your majesty, I—"
"Eat it!" the king again roared.
"Oh, your majesty, I can't eat it!"
"Oh, you can't? But you expected the coachman to! Well, in the future just remember that—that people eat food, not money. Do you understand?"
The steward understood; and in the future the king's coachmen were amply supplied with provisions whenever they went upon a journey.—Youth's Companion.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE WILBER NATIONAL BANK

at Oneonta, in the State of New York, at the close of business Sept. 2, 1915.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$ 827,130 47
Overdrafts	223 33
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	1000,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	10,000 00
U. S. bonds owned and unpledged	500 00
Other bonds to secure	5,000 00
Bonds, securities, etc.	2,163,747 56
Stock of Federal Reserve bank	12,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	32,718 90
Due from Federal Reserve bank	64,893 72
Due from approved reserve agents	315,548 56
Due from banks and bankers	27,145 54
Checks and other cash items	21,729 43
Fractional currency, notes and coins	799 34
Notes of other National banks	16,500 00
Lawful money reserve in bank U. S. gold certificates payable to order	105,000 00
Specie	44,399 80
Legal tender notes	21,500 00
	170,899 80
Redemption with U. S. Treasurer	5,000 00
Total	\$3,778,828 25

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$ 100,000 00
Surplus fund	300,000 00
Undivided profits less expenses, interest and taxes paid	127,648 98
Circulating notes	95,900 00
Individual deposits subject to checks	538,447 00
Cert. of deposit	2,599,803 37
Certificate of checks	65 30
U. S. deposits	8,831 82
Post's saving dep't	3,126 78
	\$3,150,279 27
Total	\$3,778,828 25

STATE OF NEW YORK—SCHOHARIE COUNTY, ss

Schoharie County Courts: Pursuant to Section 46 of the Judiciary Law, and Section 46 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, I hereby appoint the several terms of the County Court to be held at the Court House in the Village of Schoharie, in and for the County of Schoharie in the year 1915 and other proceedings until otherwise ordered, and to commence on the several days hereinafter mentioned, as follows:

For the trial of issues by Jury, hearing of Motions and other proceedings, and the trial of Original Cases, for which a trial jury will be drawn and required to attend:

On the first Monday of April.
On the first Monday of May.
On the first Monday of June.
On the first Monday of September.

After the disposition of Jury cases trials of Issues of Law, Argument of Appeals and other proceedings will be heard by the consent of the Attorneys on both sides at each Court at which a Jury is required to attend.

Dated Schoharie, New York, December 15, 1915.

DOW BEEKMAN,
County Judge of Schoharie County

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

By order of Dow Beekman, Surrogate of Schoharie County, Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims or demands against MAMIE LAHEY, late of the town of Gilboa, Schoharie County, New York, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers in support thereof, to the subscriber, as County Treasurer of the County of Schoharie, N. Y. Administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of said deceased, at his place of transacting business as such County Treasurer and Administrator, at his office in the Farmers and Merchants Bank, in Cobleskill in said county on or before the 31st day of December, next.

Dated Cobleskill, N. Y., this 7th day of June, A. D. 1915.

David W. White as Treasurer of the County of Schoharie, N. Y., Administrator, etc.

William H. Golding, Attorney for Admin.istrator, Cobleskill, N. Y.

THE LEAVES ARE TURNING

The first frosts have come and brought their hint of Winter. Forewarned, let us prepare for the colder days just ahead.

This store is already prepared with a large stock of timely goods well bought, to meet the demands we hope you will make upon it.

May We Show You These Good Values Early?

Remember, we stand back of the goods we sell you and if there is special service wanted we are only too pleased to have you mention it

Samuel Harley, Grand Gorge

See the New OAKLAND SIX

At \$795.00, f. o. b., Pontiac

By far the greatest Motor Car and best value offered for 1916. Seeing is believing. They will arrive in a few days. It will pay you to wait. You have a surprise in store. You will regret buying a car if you do so before seeing this ONE.

ARTHUR M BUTTS

Distributors for Delaware and Otsego counties, also agent for CHANDLER and MAXWELL CARS

240-246 Main Street, Oneonta.

A Few Live Dealers Wanted

NEW LINE OF JEWELRY

Just got in a new stock of Jewelry for fall sales including watches for men and ladies, also chains and chatelaine pins. Can save you money on a watch or a chain. We do expert repairing on all kinds of watches and jewelry. Your patronage is earnestly solicited.

Floyd S. Clapper,

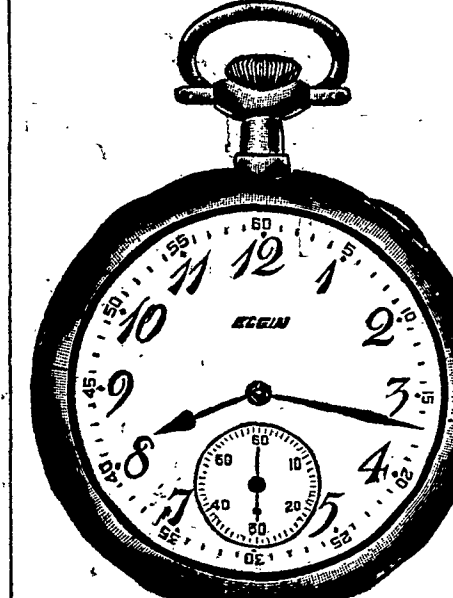
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE GILBOA, N. Y.

Ford the Popular Car

Touring Car \$490

Runabout 440

I. C. WYCKOFF
GILBOA, N. Y.



Sun-Oct 7-1915

Life Insurance.

I represent the Connecticut Life Insurance Company for this vicinity and can write you the best kind of policy at a very low rate. Life Insurance is something that every one should carry. It protects the home yields a better investment than the savings banks and a great help in the dark days of adversity. Let me explain its many benefits.

Harry I. Wyckoff, Gilboa, N.Y.

Blacksmithing.

Woodwork

of all kinds and Horseshoeing done in a workmanlike manner and at reasonable prices. I am here to serve the public and earnestly ask for a share of the work. Shop open for business every working day.

BURL SCUTT, GILBOA, NEW YORK

Fire Insurance

Protect your property against fire by keeping it insured. I represent reliable companies and will write you insurance at the lowest possible rates.

W. H. Long, Gilboe

D. & H. COAL

Lewis Brothers

H. N. BROWN, UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING

A fine selection of Caskets and Funeral Supplies. Terms reasonable. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. FLAT CREEK, N. Y.

Sidney Rivenburgh, INSURANCE Gilboa, New York

Stamford Seminary and Union Free School Season 1915-16

Stamford Seminary is delightfully located on a hill overlooking the town. The grounds are well kept and the building is new and contains such important features as scientific heating, lighting and ventilating systems. A large free library and well equipped physical and vocational laboratories afford every opportunity for thorough work. There are seven teachers in the High school and four in the grades who are all College or Normal graduates. The Academic course of study meets the entrance requirements of all the leading colleges and universities in the country. The Teachers' Training Class is under the supervision of an instructor who has no superior in the state. The Agricultural Department affords young men a thoroughly practical training in all types of farm work and is an invaluable aid to the coming farmer boys. The Domestic Department is in charge of an able teacher who instructs pupils how to sew, how to cook and how to make the home attractive. Every mother should give her daughter the advantages offered in this course.

Stamford village is a very desirable location for an educational institution. Its high elevation, healthful climate, fine streets, state road, miles of sidewalks, good water and sewage systems, libraries, churches, lecture courses and its many healthy amusements free from all evils of the saloon and immoral resorts offer a desirable home for young men and women.

For full particulars address,

Robert H. Plumb, Principal Stamford, New York.

SEEKING TO SAVE MONEY OF STATE

Far-reaching Financial Reforms in Proposed Constitution.

CHECK TO EXTRAVAGANCE.

General Expenses of Running New York State Have Increased Nearly 600 Per Cent in Thirty Years—Bonds Shouldn't Run Longer Than Life of Improvement.

By HON. HENRY L. STIMSON, Chairman of the committee on finance of the constitutional convention.

The checking of waste and extravagance in government means more than the saving of money, important as that is. It is a maxim of history that republics do not perish from outside violence, but rather from the steady growth of their own extravagance and consequent corruption. Few realize the extent of the extravagance of the state that the problem of preventing extravagance should be solved.

New York's Per Capita Public Debt. Twenty years ago we had practically no state debt. Today our already constructed state debt amounts to \$186,000,000 and the already authorized debt to \$231,000,000. We have not only the largest total state debt, but the largest per capita debt, of any state in the country. The same is true of the debts of our cities and counties. The county and municipal debt of New York state is \$107.71 per capita. The next highest in the Union is \$70.21 per capita, in the state of Washington. Illustrating these figures in another way: If the state, municipal and county debts of New York were spread over its acreage there would be a debt of \$48 per acre throughout the state. If you excluded New York and confined your calculations to the rest of the state even then there would be a debt of over \$13 on every acre in the state. So much for debt.

The Mounting Cost of State Government.

How is it as to extravagance in the cost of government? The general expenses of running the state government have increased nearly 600 per cent in thirty years, while the population of the state has increased only 52 per cent. Cost of government is increasing very much more rapidly than either population or the sources of taxation. Much of this increase in cost comes from additional activities of government. There is little reason to suppose that these activities can be greatly decreased in the future. As our population increases more and more will be demanded from government. Therefore the question of economy and efficiency in spending what we possess will become, both for the state and for the past we have not suffered from our loose methods as much as we otherwise should on account of our youth and the large resources of the country. There is every indication now that this state of immunity is about over. Two years ago, for example, the governor of this state pointed out that we had about reached the limit of possibilities of indirect taxation and that hereafter our growing expenses must be met by increased direct taxation.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

problems, and it has sought to meet them by increasing the efficiency and economy of our government in its financial operations. Its recommendations in these respects are among the most important of its proposals. They seek to give this state, for the first time, a really responsible system of government. Let us see what they are.

The Serial Bond Reform.

Articles 9 and 11 of the proposed constitution require that the future bonds issued by the state or by its subdivisions must be serial bonds. Such issues have a certain portion of the principal paid off each year. If the bond issue be for twenty years, one-twentieth of the issue must be paid off each year. Instead of remaining uniform, interest payments decrease steadily year by year.

The present method of borrowing money for permanent state improvements is by sinking fund bonds, the principal of which is not paid until the very end of the period of years for which they were issued and interest on the entire amount being paid each year. The advantages of the proposed system over the old are:

First.—Its conservatism. Whenever an administration incurs debt it cannot unload all responsibility for its payment upon some far-off year. It begins to make provision for the payment of the first annual installment of principal within one year.

Second.—Its accuracy. Our present sinking funds are complicated and uncertain. In some years we have collected too much from the taxpayers; in other years we have collected nothing. For this method of the serial bond substitutes a definite and easily ascertained figure of liability. There is no possibility of a miscalculation.

Third.—Its safety from the danger of loss and of political manipulation. Sinking funds have to be invested and taken care of by public officers. There is always the danger of losses. For instance, the state of Mississippi once saw a sinking fund sink from \$800,000 to \$100,000 within ten years. Furthermore, this power to invest huge sinking funds gives to the public officer who holds that power a chance for political manipulation, which ought not to exist. He can invest in securities of any city, town or village in the state that he wishes to favor, and the temptation to make such investments for other motives than the safety of the funds is enormous. The serial bond method abolishes this risk and this temptation.

Fourth.—Its cheapness. If our present annual debt of \$118,000,000 had been issued in serial bonds instead of the present sinking fund bonds, the state would have ultimately saved over \$48,000,000 in the cost of the settling of that debt and interest. The proposed constitution also gives authority to refund present sinking fund state bonds with serial bonds. If this authority be used and the existing annual debt be refunded with serial bonds, a saving of over \$50,000,000 can be effected under this provision.

Bonds must not run longer than the life of improvements they buy.

The proposed constitution also gives authority to refund present sinking fund state bonds with serial bonds. If this authority be used and the existing annual debt be refunded with serial bonds, a saving of over \$50,000,000 can be effected under this provision.

In the past we have issued sinking fund bonds for the construction of highways. Some 30 per cent of the proceeds of these bonds have gone into the construction of the surface of highways, which cannot last more than from four to eight years. This means that for forty years after all advantage of the loan has been used up the taxpayers will be paying interest on the loan. It is the worst kind of irresponsibility and extravagance. If the new constitution is adopted the life of the bond must be adapted to the life of the improvement.

The State Budget.

Article 5 of the proposed constitution, requiring the submission by the governor of a responsible budget to the legislature, I believe to be the most fundamental and far-reaching of all the reforms attempted by the proposed constitution.

At present the financial estimates for running the state government during the next approaching fiscal year are made up by over 150 departments, boards or bureaus. They are then shovelled into the legislature "vit, out reduction or pruning. In the legislature they are considered in the privacy of the committee room, and the final appropriation bills are passed in the hurry and confusion of the final hours of the session. Millions are voted away in minutes, while the bills appropriating these sums are not even printed in their final form. During the last twenty-one years, only once—in 1902—were they passed without an emergency message from the governor, which dispensed with the formality of their being printed and upon the desks of the members.

No surer way could be found for luring extravagance, waste and irresponsibility. No single officer of the state undertakes the public responsibility for making these estimates, and in this respect we violate the fundamental principles of civilized government and of all successful business.

We cannot expect economy in the future unless some one man will have to lie awake nights to accomplish it. The only way to stop waste is for the people of the state to know exactly whose fault it is if waste occurs or if the cost of government steadily rises without compensating increase in service rendered.

So the proposed constitution provides that the estimates of all administrative departments shall be first submitted to the governor and shall be revised by him. The responsibility for securing an economical and systematic plan for the annual budget of the state is thus laid squarely on his shoulders.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

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Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

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SOLDIERS AND CANES.

English Military Men Must Not Go Out Walking Empty Handed. It is one of the regulations of the British army that every soldier when walking out must carry in his hand a stick in order to preserve a soldierly appearance and prevent anything like slovenliness in his gait.

This rule applies to all ranks, and should any one seek to evade it he would find his progress barred by the sentry at the barrack gate or entrance to camp.

Privates generally carry light canes or "swagger sticks," non-commissioned officers fairly stout sticks, and officers invariably go in for the most extensive kind. It is a question that has often been asked, Who first suggested the idea? But nobody seems to know. From the earliest times drill sergeants and drum majors have carried sticks, and the fashion may have come from that fact. Soldiers as a rule buy their own sticks, but in some of the regiments a recruit is presented with one when he gets his uniform. If this gets lost, however, he has to buy the next and subsequent ones.

There is a story told of a soldier one day who couldn't find his cane and, knowing he would be challenged if he didn't have something in his hand, quickly picked up a poker and passed through the gate all right with it in his fist.—Dundee Advertiser.

HE DWELT IN PEACE.

Revolutions in Haiti Didn't Bother the Old Dairy Settler. During one of the revolutions in Haiti a party of Americans made a riding tour of the mountains. One morning a member of the party suddenly drew rein and pointed to a lone ridge where an old tattered straw and stripes futtered on a bamboo pole.

"We must pay our respects," some one said.

After some search they found a path that zigzagged up to the wild place. They followed it and at last discovered an aged negro sitting before his wretched hut smoking his pipe, while he kept an eye on the flag.

"What's the flag for?" some one asked.

"Perfection," said the old man quietly. "I heah dey done begin anudder resolution, so I put it up. Yes, suh, I come hear twenty-two years ago, an' has dat flag wid me. I'm George, cook on a steamer over Savannah.

"Like de place? Yes, sah. Plant yam an' coffee an' cassava. Resolutions don't trouble de nigger. Ebery time dey resolute under up roes de flag, an' dat's all dere's to it."—Washington Star.

Antiquity of the Organ. The organ is the most magnificent and comprehensive of all musical instruments. While the pipes of Pan, aside from that mythical personage, indicate a very ancient use of pipes as a means of producing musical sounds, the "water organ of the ancients" furnishes to the student of organ history the first tangible clue regarding the invention of the instrument.

In the second century the multiplex, an organ of ten pipes with a crude keyboard, is said to have existed, but accounts of this instrument are involved in much obscurity. It is averred that an organ, the gift of Constantine, was in the possession of King Pepin of France in 757, but Aldehem, a monk, makes mention of an organ with "eight pipes" as far back as the year 730.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Dr. H. H. Hatcher.

Natural Friend—What became of that drawing of yours entitled "The Cat"? Artist—it came back.—Chicago News.

The Ulster & Delaware Railroad Company

announce the annual one fare fall excursion to NEW YORK CITY

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 26th, 1915.

Special through coaches will be provided on this occasion and tickets will be sold for the morning train.

For further particulars call on the nearest station agent also see small bills.

Save Money On Your Stove

We save you the \$5 to \$23 profit the stove dealer charges you. Buy direct from the factory—save the middle-man's profit, and get a better stove for less money.

You can select from our big factory stock. Shipment prompt; freight paid; safe delivery guaranteed.

A Gold Coin Stove or Range must give you satisfactory service for one whole year—or we'll refund your money. It will give you splendid service for many years.

BUSSEY'S Gold Coin Stoves and Ranges

For 59 years, we've been making stoves and ranges. Our experience and large output enable us to give you better stoves at lower prices.

Gold Coin Stoves combine the latest improvements for saving fuel and money. They are made of the best materials and are guaranteed to give you the most satisfactory service for many years. Write for our catalog or call on our factory.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Dr. H. H. Hatcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA. 900 DROPS. ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT. A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Recipe of Old Dr. J. C. WOODRUFF. Dr. H. H. Hatcher's Signature. A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and ALL LOGS OF SLEEP. Facsimile Signature of Dr. H. H. Hatcher, NEW YORK. 15¢ 30¢ 50¢ 75¢ 1.00. Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act. Exact Copy of Wrapper. THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

C. L. ANDRUS, President. C. W. KENDALL, Cashier. THE NATIONAL BANK OF STAMFORD. Capital, \$75,000. Surplus, \$125,000. INTEGRITY is the watchword that guides all the transactions of the National Bank of Stamford. We guard your interests as faithfully as we do our own, and give the best service to our patrons as well as aiding the young business man in his climb for success. Why not start a check account now? THE NATIONAL BANK OF STAMFORD, N. Y.

FALL DISPLAY We are showing an elegant line of the newest styles ladies' suits, coats, dresses, skirts, waists, men's and boys suits, and shoes for the whole family. It will be to your interest to visit our store and see the new goods. Miller Brothers, Windham, N. Y. Clothiers to the Whole Family From Head to Foot.

Samuel Harley, President. E. B. Deyce, Vice-President. O. D. Weed, Cashier. A Certificate of Deposit in simple terms is an interest-bearing receipt for a deposit issued by the bank accepting a sum of money to remain on deposit a stated time, usually six months or a year. THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK pays 3 percent interest on such time deposits in any amount. The entire assets of this old and strong institution protect the deposit. If you have any funds temporarily idle, it will pay you to lock into this method of employing your surplus. THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, GRAND GORGE

WAGONS OFFERED AT COST Will sell all my one and two seated Buckboards, Top Wagons, cost to make room for farm Bobs. I have now in stock John Deere-Oliver Leroy Sulky and Walking Plows. Gas and Kerosene Engines One new 6 h. p. mounted Mogul Engine; One new 2-1-2 h. p. mounted Mogul Engine; also one second hand h. p. International Engine as good as new, will sell at a bargain. ROOFING, CEDAR SHINGLES, HARNESS, BLANKETS H. M. Cronk, Grand Gorge

THE MONITOR.
GEORGE L. FULLER, Publisher.
\$1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.
THURSDAY, OCT. 7 1915

Entered at the Post Office at Gilboa, N. Y., as second-class mail matter. Correspondence solicited. Advertising rates by the inch or column given on application.

The Unexpected

One mocked at death for being strong of limb
And fearless, death no terrors had for him:
"From out my course I shall not move a jot,
Let him approach at will; I fear him not!"

Yet, when the conqueror whom he thought to meet
As man meets man, erect upon his feet,
Came creeping in long twilight shadows, he
Fell on his knees and writhed in agony.

Another, not self confident, but frail,
Fearing death from his youth upward:
"O, how I would have died upon my path,
Seemed pointing toward him in his somber wrath."

Yet, when death came, not wrapped in lengthened gloom
As all life long this man expected doom,
But sudden in the sunlight, not a trace
Of fear remained; he met him face to face.

—M. E. Buhler in New York Times.

NURSE RISKS LIFE TO PROVE GANGRENE CURE.

Brave Woman Seeks to Save Thousands on European Battlefields.

Risking a hideous death to save the thousands of shattered men of European battlefields who are suffering from the most infectious, rapid and fatal of all diseases of war, gaseous gangrene, a young English nurse inoculated herself with the deadly bacilli, forcing Dr. Kenneth Taylor, an American, to make use of quinine hydrochloride, which he had not dared to use before.

Dr. Taylor, who is on the staff of the medical college of the University of Minnesota, has been at the American hospital at Neuilly. He experimented with his discovery on animals, with most astounding results, yet he dared not make the final experiments which demanded human subjects. Miss Mary Davies performed an act which is not eclipsed by any on the battlefields by injecting directly into her thigh bone the most virulent cultures.

Well aware that her scheme would be prevented if it became known, she determined, without a word to any one, to risk her life in an attempt to demonstrate the efficacy of the treatment which she was convinced would cure the victims of this dread disease.

Miss Davies took a room across the street from the hospital, whence she sent a letter to Dr. Taylor to come and see her "for the purpose of treating our final experiment," her letter read. Dr. Taylor went immediately and hurried her to a private room in the hospital, where he commenced the injections of the new preparation. He did not leave her bedside for twenty-four hours. He says she at all times was cheerful and confident of the outcome and said she injected the culture because she knew he had hesitated to use the cure and also because she wanted to give him a "clean case of gangrene only," without mixed infections, as is generally the case with soldiers.

Within two hours the symptoms developed. The thigh began to swell, but so rapid had been the work of the new medicine the disease never reached a climax. Dr. Taylor, discussing the girl's act, said:

"It was frightfully dangerous, but brave. Whether it proves conclusively that we can henceforth cure gas gangrene I hesitate even now to affirm, because we checked the disease at the start. However, from now on the new medicine will be administered to soldiers. If our success continues Miss Davies has undoubtedly contributed greatly to science."

COLLEGE STUDENTS WAITERS.

Each Will Serve Two Meals, Eat Third With Classmates.

A new step toward democracy in American colleges was taken when, with the opening of Princeton university, student waiters appeared at work in the university dining halls. The number of college boys at work in the Commons as head waiters and waiters is about seventy, and in return for their services the university will remit the full board bills of these boys. The schedule of work is planned so as not to conflict with the university courses.

The daily routine of the new student waiters is so arranged that each man will serve two meals a day and eat the third meal with his classmates, thus maintaining his identity with his fellows. Some days the third meal will be breakfast, some days lunch and at other times dinner. The work of setting table and cleaning up afterward will be left in the hands of professional help. From present indications the university is trying to make the work of the waiters as light as possible. In the kitchen various mechanical devices have been installed for dish washing and other needs. L. A. Hillyer, a graduate of Princeton last year, will act as head waiter in charge of the entire staff.

The innovation of student waiters is viewed with enthusiasm by the returning students, who in need of financial help being glad for obvious reasons and the others regarding it as another step toward true democracy on the campus. Some of the authorities are of the belief that the method has solved the whole question of student employment in Princeton.

"MILLIONAIRE KID" EARNS HIS LIVING

Learns the Value of Dollar by Working For It.

HUNGRY, HE SLEPT IN PARK

Donald Murphy, Son of Multimillionaire Lumberman, Relates His Experiences. For Long Time Lived on One Meal a Day Which Cost Between Fifteen and Twenty Cents.

Don Murphy has learned the value of a dollar. He is the son of Albert M. Murphy, the multimillionaire lumberman of Green Bay, Wis. Until now his father's purse always has been open to the prodigal son.

But the purse strings have been drawn, and the youth has been advised to "learn the value of a dollar."

Don has sought a royal road to knowledge in vain. He joined the navy and was hazed because his father was rich. His cousin gave him a job riding horses at the stockyards. One threw him on his head.

The story of hard knocks is the one the young man finally had to take to learn his lesson.

His own story in the Chicago Herald is as follows:

"I was born with a silver spoon in my mouth, but it did not stay there. In January my father told me to go and make my own living and learn the value of a dollar.

Soon Losses His Job.

"Well, I thought that would be easy, so I went to Hoken, Ark., where I worked for a lumber company for five months. They laid me off on the 13th of August, as there was not enough work. Not finding any position down there, I started for Chicago.

"I arrived here on the 15th of August and started to look for work on the same day, but could not find anything.

"I did not have a cent and did not know where I was going to sleep. I happened to meet a friend who was kind enough to give me a room and a little money with which to get something to eat.

"I would eat only one meal a day, as I wished to learn the pains of hunger, so in case I had to I would be in trim to meet that funny feeling—and, let me say that one meal a day is no seven course dinner. When the third came on for a few weeks I began to realize that a dollar looked a lot bigger to me than it ever had before.

"My one meal would cost me between 15 and 20 cents. Then, if I got hungry I would go into a saloon, first by the front door, and get a lunch, then go out and rush in the back door, as if I had not been in the place before, and eat some more. This went on for a few weeks until I was caught by a saloon houncer, who threatened to give me a licking. Rather than argue the matter I left in a hurry. He looked like Jess Willard to me. I told him he would have to run some if he wished to whip me.

Sleeps in Station.

"One Saturday morning I awoke to the fact that I did not have a cent and was told that I could not pay the bill, so I left my suit case for security and started out again to look for work.

"That night I went to the Northwestern station and slept until 3 a. m. A policeman awoke me and told me to get out or he would run me in, so I went over to the Union station and slept until 7 o'clock.

"As there was nothing else to do Sunday, I went to Grand Central to sit and think if I were only home what a nice meal I would be having. But no such luck! While I was sitting there a fellow who looked every inch a hobo asked me if I could give him a little money. When I told him I was just as much down and out as he was I surprised him. He said I was well dressed and surely must have some money. I told him if a person was well dressed that was no sign he had money.

"Sunday night came, and I started to sleep in the park, but a policeman had to interrupt me, so I went back to the Union station. In the morning I began to feel faint, but could not see anything to eat coming my way.

"As I happened to be passing a room in a building where I was looking for work I spied an old friend, but would not tell him my troubles. He asked me out to dinner that night. I ordered everything from soup to nuts.

"Now, if this experience is not enough to teach one the value of a dollar I don't know what is.

"Above all, I have learned three things—first, mind your parents; second, don't think because your father has money you don't have to work; third, above all, be honest."

CANCER ON INCREASE.

Medical Society Urges Action by Health Officials and Doctors.

Figures computed by the cancer commission of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania and submitted to the annual convention of that body show that the death rate from cancer in that state is increasing out of all proportion with the increase in population and that action by health officials and the medical profession has become imperative.

It was pointed out that the hope for reducing the number of deaths lies not in radical operations in advanced cases, but in early treatment.

A Good Idea For Housewives.

Turn the cold water into the sink while draining odorous vegetables or drain into a pan of cold water. This condenses the steam which otherwise would rise and fill the room (and in many cases the house) with the strong odor. It also lessens the danger of being burned.—Woman's Home Companion.

MANY LIVES LOST IN TUBE BUILDING

More Killed in Construction Work Than Passengers.

EIGHT PERISH IN CAVE-IN.

Record of Subway Building in New York Replete With Disaster, While For Years Millions Have Traveled in Completed Tubes With Comparatively Little Loss of Life.

Subway construction in New York has been fraught with more accidents in which fatalities were recorded than the actual operation of trains in the completed tubes, exclusive of persons run down by trains. Disasters were frequent in the building of the Interborough until it was opened eleven years ago. Since that time there has been only one accident of importance—that of Jan. 6, in which 600 persons groped their way in the tunnel through gases, and in which one life was lost. This caused several hearings before the public service commission, at which testimony was given regarding the connection between the accident at Broadway and Fifty-third street and the piercing of a cable by a drill eleven blocks downtown, where work for the new Seventh Avenue subway was going on.

Two accidents marked the building of the Interborough. The first was in January, 1902, when six persons were killed by an explosion at Forty-first street and Park avenue and the Grand Union and Murray Hill hotels were damaged. Two months later two houses on Park avenue at Thirty-fifth street caved in.

On Dec. 28, 1911, two laborers lost their lives in a cave-in in Fourth avenue, Brooklyn.

Fourteen More Killed.

Eight accidents have occurred in construction work in New York within the last three and one-half years, in which fourteen lives were lost. The first was on March 11, 1912, when four men were buried in Fifty-seventh street, west of Lexington avenue. One of these lost his life. A small landslide occurred in the excavation where the men were at work and the four fell twenty-six feet.

Two weeks later Lexington avenue, between Eighty-seventh and Eighty-eighth streets, collapsed from curb to curb, and the street surface dropped forty feet. This followed an extra heavy blast, and a street car—the rails being supported by large beams—narrowly escaped the fate of the Seventh avenue trolley which fell into the excavation.

The most serious accident occurred on June 24, 1913, when ten persons were killed by tons of earth and bowlders hurled upon them in a cave-in at Lexington avenue and Fifty-sixth street. Another explosion at One Hundred and Twentieth street and Lexington avenue followed a few minutes later.

Perishes in a Cave-in.

One laborer died in a cave-in on Jan. 3, 1914, at Lexington avenue and Sixty-first street, and two others were hurt. Similar to the manner in which it was contended that the January, 1914, accident was caused, a drill mishap blocked the subway last March at Times square. Clouds of smoke came from the excavation, but no one was hurt. In the same month a blast shot the windows of Broadway stores at Thirty-eighth street, which caused women, thinking there had been an explosion, to run shrieking through the streets.

Two weeks later faulty underpinning caused the sidewalk at Broadway and Twenty-eighth street to sink four feet. The police reserves were called and found that no one had been killed, although several persons were shocked by their fall. In June a water main break flooded the new Seventh avenue excavation at Forty-third street.

Eight persons were killed and scores injured when an entire block caved in recently at Seventh avenue and Twenty-fifth street.

NO COLLAR, NO TUITION.

Father is to Fight This School Rule That Sent His Sons Home.

Because the teachers of the grammar school of Camden, N. J., for three days in succession had sent his small sons home when they appeared in school collarless and with the neckbands of their shirts turned in Frank V. L. Turner, a Philadelphia newspaper man, living in Merchantville, is planning legal action which will determine whether the boys must wear collars while women teachers and girl pupils wear low necked dresses in hot weather.

Mr. Turner has appealed to State Commissioner of Education Kendall without success, and papers have been drawn which will be served on the board of education, principal of the school and teachers.

Parrots in Her Coffin.

Two pet parrots share the coffin of a Staten Island (New York) woman, whose last request was that they be chloroformed and buried with her.

Buy Lot With Half Dollars.

Women paid 2,000 half dollars for lot in South Beach, Conn., and seller had to hire express wagon to carry it home.

The Trouble.

"Now, Tommy, of course you know about Achilles."

"Yes'm. His mother dipped him in the Styx."

"That's it. So that he was vulnerable in one heel only. Still, in that exact spot the missile struck him. Now, what does this story illustrate?"

"Lack of efficiency," ventured Tommy.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

FORD INSPECTS UNDERSEA CRAFT

Sees Submarine at Close Range For First Time.

PRESENT BOAT TOO LARGE.

Professor Parker, Describes Tiny Vessel Which May Revolutionize Naval Warfare—Has Searchlight Beneath Water—and Will Be Able to Detect Boats Mile Away.

When Henry Ford saw his first submarine the automobile builder declared he had heard a good deal about the underwater boats, but what he saw surprised him. He thought the boats were entirely too large and too complicated. He called them the New York navy yard.

The first submarine Mr. Ford visited was the K-5, which is commanded by Lieutenant Grady. Mr. Ford climbed down the steel stairway from the main deck in the after part of the boat, where the engine room, the battery quarters, then to the operating compartment and finally to the forward battery compartment and torpedo room.

From the K-5 the party went aboard the Fulton, a submarine tender, and from there to the E-2, another submarine, which also was resting quietly in the navy yard anchorage. On this trip Mr. Ford was joined by Dr. Miller Reese Hutchison, chief engineer of the Edison laboratory, who told the automobile builder of his recent experiments with sea water.

Mr. Ford also was shown a new Diesel oil engine and a Talbot engine, in both of which he was interested. After another visit to the commandant's office Mr. Ford talked.

"It was simply wonderful what I saw," he declared. "Everything is in such fine order in the navy yard; really it could not be any better. Did I get any new ideas from my visit to the submarines? I did. I always learn something new. Can I make use of what I did see and learn? Why, yes, but about that I won't talk just now."

Diminutive Undersea Boat.

The diminutive submarine conceived by Professor Herschel C. Parker of New York and recommended by Henry Ford for adoption by the United States navy is in reality a submarine that acts in the water the same as an aeroplane acts in the air, according to its inventor, who said that he also had invented and patented a searchlight to be used under water, which, with the so called "fishboat," would make the present type submarine obsolete.

It is a small, sleek, torpedo-shaped boat, about 100 feet long, and is controlled by a government test his undersea searchlight, which he calls a "helioscope" because it will make possible the detection of lurking submarines and obstacles to navigation at a distance of perhaps more than a mile.

To Make Forty Miles an Hour.

Professor Parker has worked out the idea of the small submersible propelled by a gasoline engine, primarily as a defensive craft. It will make the forty mile radius of fifty miles and a speed of perhaps fifty miles an hour. In defensive operations a small fleet of these vessels could be carried on the decks of a mother ship and sent out to meet the invaders. Because of their speed they should more easily elude destroyers and other submarines, run close up to vessels of the invading fleet and discharge their torpedoes with great accuracy.

On the other hand, the submarines in an invading operation may be detected by the beams of the helioscope sweeping undersea broad. This detector, Professor Parker suggests, is more readily adaptable to torpedo boat destroyers. Equipped with it they could locate lurking submarines and destroy them, because the latter cannot safely be submerged to a depth greater than 300 feet or escape swift pursuers.

His helioscope, according to Professor Parker, will be the eyes of a ship the same as the Ebersenden oscillator is in the case of wireless telegraphy under water. Thus equipped with eyes and ears for submarines he predicts the ascendancy of the smaller and swifter fighting craft.

STONEHENGE SOLD.

England's Prehistoric Structure Brings \$35,000 at Auction.

Stonehenge, most ancient of British megalithic monuments, has been sold at auction for \$35,000 to C. H. E. Chubb, an Englishman.

The monument, the remains of a great prehistoric structure in England, is on Salisbury plain, Wiltshire. It consists mainly of a circle of vast stones, nearly half of them now prostrate, which originally supported horizontal stones, and of several pairs of huge stone columns arranged within an inner circle of much smaller stones. This monument is generally supposed to date from the bronze age.

On Her Honeymoon Alone.

Husband unable to leave, Ohio girl is taking her honeymoon trip alone in South Beach, Conn., and seller had to hire express wagon to carry it home.

Parrots in Her Coffin.

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Republican Caucus.

The Republican electors of the town of Gilboa and all other electors not affiliated with any other party but believing in the principles of the Republican party, will meet in caucus in the Town House in the village of Gilboa, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on Saturday, the 9th day of October, 1915, for the purpose of nominating town officers to be voted for at the General Election held November 2, 1915, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the caucus.

Dated September 29, 1915.

By order of Com.

Our Jitney Offer—This and So.

Don't miss this. Cut out this slip enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address plainly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar compound for coughs, colds and croup. Foley's Kidney Pills and Foley's Cathartic Tablets. L. A. Wyckoff.

No Trespassing.

All persons are hereby forbidden trespassing upon my lands for the purpose of hunting or gathering nuts under penalty of the law.

Dated September 22, 1915.

L. C. COLE.

No Trespassing.

All persons are forbidden trespassing on the Zerfags farm for the purpose of hunting, trapping or gathering nuts, under penalty of the law.

Richard G. Merwin, Lessee.

Water Stock for Sale.

Twenty shares of Gilboa Water Co. stock for sale, in lots to suit, to the highest bidder. Apply for one month to M. E. Brande, administrator of the Edmund Brand Est., Reading, Mass.

E. W. Brown,
Funeral Director
and Embalmer.
Gilboa, New York

TO THE PEOPLE OF ILB OA AND VICINITY

Take notice that I have put in a good line of Shirts and Overalls—also a small stock of Groceries—which will be sold at a very reasonable price. Give me a call.

A. HAGADORN.

Notice to Creditors—By order of Dow Beekman, Surrogate of Schoharie County.

Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims or demands against Frederick Riverburgh, late of the town of Gilboa, Schoharie County, New York, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, the executor of the Last Will and Testament of Frederick Riverburgh, deceased, at his residence in the town of Gilboa, Schoharie County, N. Y., on or before the 10th day of April, next.

Dated Gilboa, this 30th day of September, A. D., 1915.

Franklin Clapper, Executor.
E. Jackson, Executor's Attorney,
Postoffice, Gilboa, N. Y.

Notice of Sale and Partition.

SUPREME COURT—Schoharie County.

Harriet M. Hildreth, Plaintiff, against Iva C. Straker, Clara E. Moore, Myron Mayble, Orilla Mayble, Ann Bartley and Harriet M. Hildreth as Administratrix of the goods, chattels and credits of Charles Ellarson, deceased, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment in the above entitled action of partition entered in the Office of the Clerk of Schoharie County, N. Y., on the 2nd day of September, 1915, the undersigned Referee, in and by said judgment for that purpose appointed, will sell at public auction at the front door of the Gilboa Hotel in the Village of Gilboa, County of Schoharie, N. Y., ON THE 22nd DAY OF OCTOBER, 1915, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the lands and premises in said judgment directed to be sold and there-in described as follows, to-wit: "All that certain piece of land lying and being in the Town and Village of Gilboa commencing on the corner of the lot of land now owned by the heirs of Baront W. Straker, and is called the Favorn Stand lot, which thence southerly along said line to the Schoharie River, thence easterly to the line of L. S. O'Brien land thence northerly along said line to the turnpike road and thence westerly along said turnpike road to the place of beginning, containing 1.2 acre of land more or less, less a small lot on the West of which D. K. Frisbee's barn formerly stood together with all former records of roads and ways to and from the lots along the Schoharie River. For a more particular and definite description of said premises see Deed from Moses L. Pendell and wife to James M. Hazard dated March 20, 1888, recorded in the County of Schoharie, in Book 10 of Deeds, pages 82 and 83, as described in a Deed from Benjamin D. Reynolds and wife to Sarah L. Ellarson. Dated September 7, 1915.

EDGAR JACKSON, Referee.
Clyde H. Brown, Attorney for Plaintiff,
Schoharie, N. Y.

AT DAVIS & PALMER'S

WHERE A DOLLAR BUYS THE MOST.

ARRIVING DAILY

New shoes for men, women and children. Call in and look over the new Oxfords, Pumps, etc. They certainly are sure to please you.

DAVIS & PALMER.

NEW FALL GOODS

We have just received some Fall and Winter Goods, such as Mackinaws, Sweaters, Underwear, Gloves and Mittens and a full line of Caps. We also have a line of Stocking Felts and Overs.

Do not forget a card for premiums that we give away with cash trade.

Paul Stryker

WYCKOFF'S

THE QUALITY STORE

Just received a complete line of Ladies Pumps and Oxfords. All the latest models.

DOUGLAS SHOES

We have a complete line of Men's Douglas Shoes and Oxfords. When you want Style, Comfort and above all Service, Buy the Douglas. They have all three of these much looked for qualities.

FOR THE LADIES

We have a very nice assortment of Ladies House Dresses and Summer Underwear which we would be pleased to show you. Also Ladies White skirts and a few fine Crepe and Muslin Nightdresses.

Whenever you want Ladies' or Gentlemen's Silk hose come to us as we always try to have them in stock. Come in and ask to see our Daintie, Windsor and Mignonette Crepes, also our Plases Davonshire Cloth Suitings, Percales, etc.

A FEW REMINDERS

Men's up to the minute Straw and Crisshats, Men's Silk half hose, Groceries of Quality, Sunshine Biscuits, Salties, Pilotines, Takhomas, Cheese Wafers, etc. Fancy Herkimer county cheese, Windsor and Wyckoff's Special Coffee, Garden Seeds both in bulk and package.

L. A. WYCKOFF

A Few Specialties Kept in Stock By

A. T. Hargest, Druggist, and Gorge

Mercks Chemicals, Mulford's Pharmaceuticals, Parke Davis & Company Drugs, Daniels Veterinary Supplies, Colgate's Toilet Articles, Schraff's Chocolates, Stationery Cigars.

The Best Goods Obtainable at the Cheapest Rates. Come and See

CREAM SEPARATORS

I have on display and sale in my store an improved United states cream separator that will handle the milk from any dairy in a satisfactory manner. If you are in the market for a separator call and look this one over and get our price

CHARLES A. CLARK.